BEGIN — August 21, 1960

30.24-12665

A37

SPACE BUDGET (550)

BY STANLEY JOHNSON

MOSCOW, AUG. 21 (AP)-TWO DOGS ARRIVED IN MOSCOW TODAY, THE FIRST LIVING THINGS EVER TO RETURN FROM ORBIT AROUND THE EARTH. OFFICIALS SAID THEY WERE IN GOOD CONDITION AND EASILY WITHSTOOD THE PHYSICAL STRESSES OF THEIR HISTORIC FLIGHT.

THE DOGS, BELKA (SQUIRREL) AND STRELKA (ARROW) WERE BROUGHT TO THE CAPITAL FROM THE SECRET SPOT IN THE SOVIET UNION WHERE SCIENTISTS YESTERDAY RECAPTURED THE DETACHED CAPSULE IN WHICH THEY RODE.

(RADIO MOSCOW QUOTED PRAVDA AS SAYING THE DOGS WERE CATAPULTED TO EARTH IN A SPECIAL CONTAINER WHEN THE SPACE SHIP THEY RODE IN REACHED A LOW LEVEL. PRAVDA'S ACCOUNT OF THE LANDING DID NOT DISCLOSE WHETHER THE SPACE SHIP AND THE DOGS' SEPARATE CONTAINER CAME DOWN BY PARACHUTE OR BY OTHER MEANS. NEITHER DID IT REVEAL THE HEIGHT AT WHICH THE DOGS WERE CATAPULTED FREE FROM THE SPACE SHIP.)

WITH A COMPANY OF SMALLER ANIMALS INSECT AND VARIOUS PLANTS, THE DOGS HAD BEEN ALOFT 24 HOURS AND HAD TRAVELED 700,000 KILOMETERS (434,700 MILES) IN AN ORBIT 198.8 MILES ABOVE THE EARTH.

THE OFFICIAL NEWS AGENCY TASS QUOTED THE SOVIET ACADEMY OF SCIENCES AS SAYING AFTER CHECKING THE TERRIER-SIZED DOGS THAT THEIR CONDITION "SEEMED NO DIFFERENT FROM THAT OBSERVED DURING GROUND TRAINING IN PREPARATION FOR THE FLIGHT."

TESTS IN MOSCOW SHOWED THEIR HEARTS AND BLOOD PRESSURES WERE NORMAL AND THE OTHER ANIMALS WERE IN GOOD CONDITION, TASS SAID.

"ONE OF THE PLANTS WHICH WAS ON BOARD THE SPACE SHIP CONTINUES TO BLOSSOM," TASS REPORTED.

MICE WHICH ALSO MADE THE SPACE JOURNEY "WILLINGLY NIBBLE ON BISCUITS AND OTHER FOOD" AND FLIES "KEEPING FLYING AROUND THE FLASKS IN WHICH THEY HAD TRAVELED INTO SPACE."

TASS THEN QUOTED A NUMBER OF SPACE SCIENTISTS ON THE IMPLICATIONS OF THE FLIGHT. PROF. D. V. MARTYNOV NOTED THAT THE 4 1/2-TON SPACE VEHICLE USED IN THE TEST "COULD CARRY BOTH A MAN AND A LARGE VARIETY OF SCIENTIFIC INSTRUMENTS."

PROF. R. GRIGORYEV SAID THE PROBLEM OF RECOVERING A SPACE SHIP REPRESENTS "THE THRESHOLD MAN MUST CROSS BEFORE STEPPING DIRECTLY INTO SPACE."

PROF. G. KOKROVSKY SPOKE OF GOOD SPACE TRAVEL CONDITIONS IN THE NEAR FUTURE. HE SAID SOLAR ACTIVITY IS ENTERING INTO A CYCLE OF DECLINE "AND FOR A FEW YEARS, MAN'S FLIGHT IN SPACE WILL BE LESS DANGEROUS FROM THE VIEWPOINT OF RADIATION EFFECTS."

THE SOVIET NEWS AGENCY SAID ITS CORRESPONDENT AT THE ACADEMY OF SCIENCES WAS TOLD THAT THE RECOVERY OF THE ANIMALS "REPRESENTED NOT ONLY A HIGHLY COMPLEX TASK TECHNICALLY, BUT ALSO WAS THE MOST DIFFICULT LAP OF SPACE TRAVEL IN VIEW OF THE CONSIDERABLE PHYSIOLOGICAL STRESSES INVOLVED."

"IN A FEW HOURS AFTER LANDING," THE TASS ACCOUNT CONTINUED, "STRELKA AND BELKA ATE WITH APPETITE FOOD OFFERED TO THEM, GIVING A PREFERENCE TO A NUT PASTE 'LAIKA' (SO NAMED AFTER THE FIRST SPACE TRAVELER, THE DOG LAIKA) OVER SAUSAGE. AS SOON AS THEY WERE RELEASED FROM THE CAPSULE OF THE SPACE SHIP THEY STARTED TO NUZZLE THE PEOPLE WHO USUALLY WORK WITH THEM."

ASTRONOMER MIKOLAI BARBASHOV SAID THE FLIGHT SHOWED THE PHENOMENON OF WEIGHTLESSNESS IN SPACE CAUSED NO GRAVE DISTURBANCES OF BODY FUNCTION, AS HAD BEEN FEARED. THE ACTIONS OF THE DOGS IN FLIGHT WERE RECORDED BY TV CAMERAS INSIDE THE SPACE CAPSULE.

NEWSPAPERS, FILLED WITH PRAISE FOR THE SOVIET FEAT, WERE BROUGHT UP QUICKLY BY DELIGHTED RUSSIANS.

THE MOSCOW PLANETARIUM INCREASED ITS NUMBER OF SUNDAY LECTURES TO TELL MORE PEOPLE OF THE FLIGHT. EVERY TIME CROWDS GATHERED, LECTURERS BROUGHT THEM IN. A STEADY FLOW OF PEOPLE CONTINUED TO THE PLANETARIUM DESPITE A DOUSING RAIN WHICH CONTINUED ALL MORNING AND DROVE MOST PEOPLE OFF THE STREETS.

SOME NEWSPAPERS MENTIONED BRIEFLY THE RECOVERY OF THE 85-POUND U.S. SPACE CAPSULE IN THE AIR OVER THE PACIFIC. BUT MOSCOW PRAVDA, CITY COMMUNIST NEWSPAPER, SAID THE PURPOSE OF THE U.S. CAPSULE TESTS WAS TO GATHER ESPIONAGE MATERIAL.

THERE WAS NO COMPARISON IN THE PRESS OF THE SOVIET FEAT WITH THAT OF THE UNITED STATES, WHICH HAS SENT MONKEYS INTO SPACE BUT NEVER INTO AN ORBIT AROUND THE EARTH. TWO MONKEYS LAUNCHED BY A U.S. JUPITER MISSILE MAY 28, 1959, REACHED A HEIGHT OF 300 MILES ON A 1,500-MILE FLIGHT.

DA225PED

A132'

BULLETIN

LONDON, MONDAY, AUG. 22 (AP)-PRAVDA SAID TODAY THE SPACE DOGS BROUGHT BACK FROM ORBIT WERE CATAPULATED TO EARTH IN A SPECIAL CONTAINER WHEN THE SATELLITE THAT TOOK THEM 18 TIMES AROUND THE EARTH CAME DOWN TO A LOW LEVEL.

THE SOVIET COMMUNIST PARTY NEWSPAPER SAID THE LANDING OF THE SPACE SHIP ITSELF TOOK PLACE ON A LEVEL MEADOW SURROUNDED BY FIELDS.

"FIRST WITNESSES OF THIS HISTORIC EVENT WERE COLLECTIVE FARM WORKERS WHO WERE WORKING NEARBY," RADIO MOSCOW QUOTED PRAVDA AS SAYING.

THE DOGS, BELKA AND STRELKA, ALONG WITH OTHER SMALLER ANIMALS, INSECTS AND PLANTS, WERE THE FIRST TLIVING CREATURES EVER TO RETURN FROM ORBIT AROUND THE EARTH.

THE SOVIET UNION ANNOUNCED SATURDAY THEY HAD BEEN RETURNED AND HERALDED THE ACHIEVEMENT AS ANOTHER GIANT STEP TOWARD PUTTING A MAN IN SPACE.

PRAVDA SAID ONE OF ITS CORRESPONDENTS WAS GIVEN THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION AT THE U.S.S.R. ACADEMY OF SCIENCES:

"WHEN THE SPACE SHIP SATELLITE HAD COME DOWN TO A LOW HEIGHT, THE CONTAINER IN WHICH THE ANIMALS WERE LOCATED WAS SEPARATED FROM IT BY CATAPULTING.

"THIS WAS DONE TO GUARANTEE THE SAFE LANDING OF THE FOUR-FOOTED COSMIT TRAVELERS.

"THE SPACE SHIP SATELLITE LANDED UNDAMAGED AND WHOLE, LIKE THE CONTAINER WITH THE EXPERIMENTAL ANIMALS."

PRAVDA DID NOT DISCLOSE THE GEOGRAPHIC POSITION OF THE SPACE LANDING.

THE PRAVDA ACCOUNT WAS THE FIRST DESCRIPTION OF THE ACTUAL LANDING OF THE SATELLITE AND ITS SPACE PASSENGERS.

THE LANDING APPARENTLY TOOK THE RUSSIAN FARM WORKERS BY SURPRISE.

"THEY SURROUNDED THE SHIP AND EXAMINED IT WITH INTEREST," SAID PRAVDA. "SOMEONE READ AN INSCRIPTION ON THE CONTAINER WITH THE REQUEST THAT THE SHIP'S LOCATION BE COMMUNICATED WITH THE GIVEN ADDRESS."

BUT THERE WAS NO NEED TO SEND A TELEGRAM.

"SOON AN OBSERVER PLANE APPEARED," SAID PRAVDA. "IT LANDED SPECIALISTS TO WHOSE LOT IT FELL TO OPEN FOR THE FIRST TIME THE DOORS OF THE SHIP WHICH HAD FLOWN FROM SPACE.

"THOSE PRESENT WERE WITNESSES OF THE WAY IN WHICH BELKA AND STRELKA LEAPED OUT OF THE OPENED HATCH. THEY BARKED JOYOUSLY AND FAWNED ON THE PEOPLE."

THE SOVIETS PREVIOUSLY HAD REPORTED THAT THE SPACE SHIP LANDED WITHIN SEVEN MILES OF ITS DESIGNATED TARGET SPOT.

"WITHIN AN HOUR A HELICOPTER ARRIVED AT THE LANDING SPOT AND A SURGEON STEPPED OUT OF IT AND EXAMINED THE ANIMALS' CONDITIONS, PRAVDA SAID. "IT TURNED OUT THAT THEY HAD NOT A SINGLE SCRATCH OR BRUISE AND WERE COMPLETELY FIT."

PRAVDA'S DESCRIPTION OF THE LANDING, AS DISTRIBUTED BY TASS AND BROADCAST OVER RADIO MOSCOW, DID NOT DISCLOSE WHETHER THE SPACE SHIP AND THE DOGS' SEPARATE CONTAINER CAME DOWN BY PARACHUTE OR BY SOME OTHER MEANS.

NEITHER DID IT REVEAL THE EXACT ALTITUDE AT WHICH THE DOGS WERE CATAPULTED FREE FROM THE SPACE SHIP.

ML931PED

A160WX

WITH LONDON SPACE SHIP

WASHINGTON, AUG. 21 (AP)-A SPACE AGENCY SCIENTIST SAID TONIGHT THE RUSSIANS' REPORT OF THE WAY IN WHICH THEY RETURNED TWO DOGS TO EARTH FROM AN ORBITING SATELLITE "IS PLAUSIBLE AND TO BE EXPECTED."

DR. JOHN P. HAGEN OF THE NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION SAID THE REPORT OF THE DOGS' CONTAINER BEING CATAPULTED FROM THE SATELLITE CARRIER SOUNDED TO HIM LIKE A REASONABLE EXTENSION OF TECHNIQUES THE RUSSIANS HAVE USED BEFORE.

HE ADDED THAT BY USE OF PARACHUTES THERE WOULD BE NO REASON WHY BOTH ANIMAL CONTAINER AND SATELLITE COULD NOT BE RETURNED TO THE EARTH.

HAGEN SAID IT APPEARED THE METHOD USED WAS SOMEWHAT SIMILAR TO THAT EMPLOYED BY THE UNITED STATES IN RETURNING CAPSULES FROM THE DISCOVERER SATELLITES.

EG1026PED NM

A49

(450)

SPACE REACTION BUDGET

BY PETER GROSE

LONDON, AUG. 21 (AP)-EUROPEANS ON BOTH SIDES OF THE IRON CURTAIN TODAY ACCLAIMED SAFE RETURN OF A SOVIET SPACE SHIP AS A HISTORIC ACHIEVEMENT OPENING THE GATES OF OUTER SPACE TO MANKIND. SOME IN THE WEST SAID THE SOVIET UNION HAD AGAIN FORGED AHEAD OF THE UNITED STATES IN THE RACE INTO SPACE.

"SPACE FICTION IS FICTION NO LONGER," SAID THE INDEPENDENT LONDON SUNDAY TIMES. "THE RETURN OF SPUTNIK V WITH ITS TWO DOGS STILL ALIVE IS ONE OF THE GREATEST ACHIEVEMENTS IN THE HISTORY OF SCIENCE.

"WITH THE IMMINENT FINAL CONQUEST OF SPACE, MAN ENTERS UPON A NEW ERA OF FRIGHTENING RESPONSIBILITY."

FRONT PAGE ARTICLES AND EDITORIALS IN NEWSPAPERS ALL OVER THE CONTINENT PREDICTED A TRIP INTO SPACE SOON BY MAN--PROBABLY A RUSSIAN.

"IT ONLY APPEARS TO BE A QUESTION OF TIME BEFORE THE RUSSIAN TECHNICIANS CONSIDER THEMSELVES SURE ENOUGH TO SEND A MAN OUT IN SPACE," SAID THE LIBERAL DAGENS NYHETER OF STOCKHOLM.

ROME'S INDEPENDENT IL TEMPO HAILED THE EVENT AS "PROOF THAT MAN CAN SURVIVE IN SPACE."

SOME PAPERS LINKED THE RUSSIAN FEAT WITH THE U.S. SUCCESS IN CATCHING A CAPSULE FROM THE SATELLITE DISCOVERER XIV HIGH OVER THE PACIFIC LESS THAN 24 HOURS EARLIER. BUT THERE WAS NO DOUBT WHICH SPACE EXPERIMENT IS REGARDED AS THE GREATER ACHIEVEMENT.

RUSSIA HAS ONCE AGAIN DRAMTICALLY LEAPED AHEAD OF AMERICA IN THE RACE FOR THE CONQUEST OF SPACE," SAID THE LONDON SUNDAY TIMES.

THE LONDON OBSERVER SAID THE SOVIET FEAT "WILL BE A BITTER PILL TO AMERICAN SCIENTISTS WHO HAVE ALSO SUCCESSFULLY RECOVERED OBJECTS FROM ORBIT, BUT ON A FAR MORE MODEST SCALE."

BIGGEST AND BOLDEST HEADLINES CAME, NATURALLY ENOUGH, FROM THE COMMUNIST PRESS.

"SENSATIONAL EXPLOIT OF SOVIET SCIENCE," BANNERED THE COMMUNIST HUMANITE OF PARIS.

"THE 20TH OF AUGUST 1960 WILL REMAIN A HISTORIC DAY FOR IT SAW THE BEGINNING OF THE FANTASTIC ERA OF THE COSMIC MAN," THE NEWSPAPER SAID.

EAST GERMANY'S COMMUNIST PARTY PAPER NEUES DEUTSCHLAND PRINTED THE NEWS IN A BRIGHT RED HEADLINE AND CONGRATULATED SOVIET SCIENTISTS, TECHNICIANS AND WORKERS ON THEIR ACHIEVEMENT.

FROM THE CENTER OF THE COMMUNIST WORLD, MOSOW RADIO WAS BUSY ALL DAY WITH COMMENTS ON THE SPACE TRIUMPH AND SPECULATION FOR THE FUTURE. BUT IT FOUND TIME FOR NEW BLASTS AT THE UNITED STATES.

YEVGENY FEDOROV, SCIENTIFIC SECRETARY OF THE SOVIET ACADEMY OF SCIENCES, SAID AMERICANS WERE INTERESTED IN COSMIC RESEARCH ONLY FOR ESPIONAGE PURPOSES. MOSCOW RADIO QUOTED HIM AS SAYING:

"APPARENTLY THE SHAMEFUL LESSONS OF THE U2 AND RB47 FLIGHTS HAVE NOT YET BEEN LEARNED BY THE AMERICAN MILITARY AND POLITICIANS. HAVING FAILED IN AERIAL ESPIONAGE, THEY STILL HOPE TO SUCCEED IN COSMIC ESPIONAGE.

"THERE IS HARDLY ANY NEED TO STRESS THAT THEIR FAILURE IN THIS FIELD, TOO, IS INEVITABLE."

IN THE FAR EAST, THE MILITARY CRITIC OF THE TOKYO NEWSPAPER YOMIURI SAID THE ACHIEVEMENT MEANS THE SOVIET UNION HAS A WEAPON THAT CAN CIRCLE THE EARTH WITH A HYDROGEN BOMB THAT CAN BE DROPPED ON A SPECIFIC TARGET WITH THE PRESS OF A BUTTON.

BUT JAPANESE SCIENTISTS WERE ENTHUSIASTIC AND SOME THOUGHT THE SOVIET UNION MIGHT PUT A MAN INTO SPACE BY EARLY NEXT YEAR AT THE LATEST. THE NEWSPAPER ASAHI SAID THE RUSSIANS HAD AGAIN MOVED AHEAD OF THE UNITED STATES IN SPACE.

PROF. ALFRED J. LOVELL, DIRECTOR OF THE WORLD'S LARGEST RADIO TELESCOPE AT JODRELL BANK, ENGLAND, TOOK A MORE BALANCED VIEW.

"AS FAR AS ROCKET TECHNOLOGY IS CONCERNED," HE SAID, "THE RUSSIANS UNDOUBTEDLY HAVE A LEAD OF SEVERAL YEARS OVER THE AMERICANS IN THEIR ABILITY TO PUT EXTREMELY HEAVY OBJECTS INTO ORBIT AND ALSO IN THE PRECISION OF THEIR GUIDANCE.

"BUT, ON THE OTHER HAND, THE AMERICANS, FROM THE EXTREMELY WIDE SCOPE OF THEIR SCIENTIFIC EXPERIMENTS AND THEIR ABILITY TO EXTRACT FUNDAMENTAL RESULTS, HAVE A CONSIDERABLE LEAD OVER THE RUSSIANS."

B33DT (Q)

(210)

DETROIT, AUG. 21 (AP)-THE SOVIET SECRET TRIAL TO WIN U-2 PILOT FRANCIS POWERS WAS PRIMARILY A RUSSIAN EFFORT TO WIN A GREAT PROPAGANDA VICTORY BY ATTACKING OUR FOREIGN AND DEFENSE POLICIES," THE HEAD OF THE UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY SAID TODAY.

"I THINK THE UNITED STATES CAME OUT OF IT QUITE WELL," GEORGE V. ALLEN, AGENCY DIRECTOR, ADDED. "THE TRRIAL SERVED TO HIGHLIGHT THE GREAT DISTINCTION BETWEEN THE TYPE OF ACTIVITY CONDUCTED BY POWERS AND THE INSIDIOUS ESPIONAGE ACTIVITY CARRIED ON CONSTANTLY BY THE SOVIETS."

ALLEN WAS IN DETROIT TO ADDRESS THE COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL SECURITY AND FOREIGN AFFAIRS OF THE VETERANS OF FOREIGN WARS. THE VFW NATIONAL CONVENTION HERE FORMALLY OPENS TOMORROW.

ALLEN SAID IN AN INTERVIEW THAT ITS SHOULD BE APPARENT TO THE WORLD THAT POWERS' FLIGHT WOULD HAVE BEEN UNNECESSARY IF RUSSIA HAD AGREED TO THE "OPEN SKIES" AERIAL INSPECTION PLAN PRESENTED BY THE U.S.

HE DECLINED COMMENT ON THE TRAIL TESTIMONY AND SENTENCE BECAUSE, HE SAID, THREE AMERICAN AIRMEN SHOT DOWN OVER THE BARENTS SEA STILL ARE AWAITING TRIAL IN RUSSIA.

ALLEN ALSO PRESENTED VFW NATIONAL COMMANDER LOUIS G. FELDMANN, OF HAZELTON, PA., WITH THE USIA'S DISTINGUISHED SERVICE AWARD FOR HIS CONTRIBUTIONS TO INTERNATIONAL UNDERSTANDING.

FELDMANN WAS CITED FOR A RECENT TOUR OF 21 COUNTRIES IN THE FAR EAST, MIDDLE EAST AND EUROPE WHERE HE STUDIED PROBLEMS OF COMMUNITY RELATIONS AT U.S. MILITARY BASES.

NC603PES NM

30.24- 12667

A51

POWERS BUDGET (250)

BY REINHOLD G. ENSZ

MOSCOW, AUG. 21 (AP)-A PETITION FOR CLEMENCY FOR U2 PILOT FRANCIS GARY POWERS WAS DRAWN UP ON THIS RAINY MOSCOW SUNDAY BY THREE VIRGINIA LAWYERS WHO ACCOMPANIED MEMBERS OF HIS FAMILY TO THE SOVIET UNION.

ATTORNEY ALEXANDER W. PARKER OF RICHMOND SAID THE PETITION WILL BE SUBMITTED TOMORROW AT THE OFFICE OF LEONID BREZHNEV, CHAIRMAN OF THE PRESIDIUM OF THE SUPREME SOVIET, SOMETIMES TERMED THE SOVIET PRESIDENT.

POWERS ALREADY HAS LET IT BE KNOWN HE DOESN'T THINK MUCH OF HIS CHANCES FOR CLEMENCY. A SOVIET COURT FRIDAY SENTENCED HIM TO 10 YEARS ON ESPIONAGE CHARGES SPECIFYING THAT THE FIRST THREE YEARS WERE TO BE SPENT IN PRISON.

1960

CONTENTS OF THE CLEMENCY PETITION WERE NOT MADE PUBLIC BUT MIKHAIL GRINIOV, THE SOVIET LAWYER WHO DEFENDED POWERS IN COURT, ADVISED THE VIRGINIANS TO KEEP IT SHORT AND HAVE IT SIGNED BY THE FAMILY. THE VIRGINIA ATTORNEYS SAID THEY WERE ABIDING BY THIS ADVICE.

AS THE RAIN TEEMED DOWN OUTSIDE, MEMBERS OF THE POWERS FAMILY STAYED IN THEIR HOTEL ROOMS. GRINIOV HAS TOLD THEM IT USUALLY TAKES A MONTH FOR A CLEMENCY PLEA TO BE ACTED ON, BUT THAT IT MIGHT GO FASTER IN THIS CASE BECAUSE THE PILOT'S FATHER AND MOTHER, SISTER AND WIFE ARE HERE WAITING.

THE MOSCOW PAPERS HAVE MADE SCANT REFERENCE TO THE PRESENCE OF THE FAMILY IN THE CITY BUT SOME RUSSIANS KNOW ABOUT THEM AND A FEW WHO WILL TALK TO FOREIGNERS ABOUT THE POWERS CASE EXPRESS SYMPATHY FOR THEM. THIS IS A CHANGE FROM EARLIER RUSSIAN EXPRESSIONS: ASTONISHMENT THAT EVEN THE PARENTS AND WIFE WOULD WANT TO SEE A PERSON REGARDED BY THE RUSSIANS AS A HATEFUL CHARACTER.

PRAVDA, MEANWHILE, DEVOTED NEARLY A PAGE TO AN ANALYSIS OF THE CASE THE COMMUNIST PARTY ORGAN SUMMED UP, CONCERNING POWERS: "HE COULD HAVE DONE GOOD THINGS EXCEPT FOR HIS CRAZE FOR MONEY."

MG330PED

A172

(480)

AP FOREIGN SERVICE ADVANCE FOR MONDAY AMS AUG. 22

BY PRESTON GROVER

(ADVANCE) MOSCOW, AUG. 21 (AP)-GOOD BEHAVIOR COULD SEND FRANCIS GARY POWERS FROM A PRISON CELL TO A PRISON COLONY WITHIN A YEAR, HIS RUSSIAN LAWYER SAYS.

POWERS, THE AMERICAN U2 PILOT SHOT DOWN OVER THE SOVIET UNION, WAS CONVICTED FRIDAY OF ESPIONAGE AGAINST THE SOVIET UNION. A RUSSIAN MILITARY COURT SENTENCED HIM TO 10 YEARS LOSS OF LIBERTY, SPECIFYING THE FIRST THREE YEARS WOULD BE SPENT IN PRISON.

1960

BUT POWERS' DEFENSE COUNSEL, MIKHAIL GRINYOV, SAYS A TRANSFER TO A PRISON COLONY COULD COME WITHIN A YEAR.

UNLESS SPECIAL CONDITIONS ARE APPLIED TO THE CASE OF THE 31-YEAR-OLD AMERICAN PILOT, HE WILL BE PUT UNDER THE JURISDICTION OF THE REGIONAL PRISON CONTROL COMMISSION MADE UP OF LOCAL PARTY AND GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS WITH BROAD POWERS TO REDUCE PRISON TERMS OF PRISONERS SHOWING GOOD BEHAVIOR.

THERE HAS BEEN NO INDICATION WHAT PRISON POWERS WILL BE ASSIGNED TO. BUT THE SOVIET UNION SAYS IT HAS MADE GREAT STRIDES OF LATE IN ITS PENOLOGY PROGRAM WITH THE EMPHASIS ON REHABILITATION RATHER THAN PUNISHMENT.

THE OLD PRISON CAMPS OF SIBERIA ARE SAID TO HAVE LARGELY DISAPPEARED AND BEEN REPLACED WITH MODERN INSTITUTIONS WHICH IN THEORY AIM AT RESTORING THE PRISONER AS A USEFUL MEMBER OF SOCIETY IN AS SHORT A TIME AS POSSIBLE.

FROM TIME TO TIME PUBLICATIONS HERE CARRY PICTURES OF OLD JAILS WITH BARRED WINDOWS BEING TORN DOWN. THE ONCE HATED PRISON TAGANKA IN MOSCOW HAS BEEN ABOLISHED AND REPLACED BY A GARDEN.

GRINYOV ALSO HAS SAID POWERS' WIFE, BARBARA, WILL BE PERMITTED TO VISIT HER HUSBAND ONCE A MONTH WHILE HE IS IN PRISON. PRISON VISITS WOULD BE ALLOWED MORE OFTEN WHEN POWERS IS TRANSFERRED TO A PRISON COLONY, HE SAID.

THE PRISON COLONY IS A NEW REFORM ELEMENT IN THE SOVIET PRISON SYSTEM.

A NEW STATE PUBLICATION ON SOVIET CORRECTIVE LABOR INSTITUTIONS STRESSES THE RE-EDUCATIONAL ASPECT OF THE PRISON PROGRAM.

THE PRISONER, ACCORDING TO THE PUBLICATION, IS EXPECTED TO LEARN "SOCIALLY USEFUL WORK, PURSUING USEFUL AIMS" AND UNDERTAKE "POLITICAL EDUCATION WORK CARRIED OUT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE GENERAL METHODS OF COMMUNIST EDUCATION."

THE DISCIPLINARY PROGRAM AT THE PRISONS ARE SAID TO BE "DEVOID OF ANY ELEMENTS OF LOWERING HUMAN DIGNITY AND AVOID CAUSING PHYSICAL SUFFERING."

A PRISONER HAS THE RIGHT TO APPEAL TO PARTY AND GOVERNMENT AUTHORITIES, THE BROCHURE STATES. IN ORDINARY CIRCUMSTANCES THE SENTENCE MUST BE CARRIED OUT IN THE REGION WHERE THE PRISONER LIVED OR WHERE HE WAS SENTENCED.

THERE ALSO IS A PROVISION FOR VISITS FROM THE PRISONER'S FAMILY AND FORMER FELLOW WORKERS.

MOST IMPORTANT, HOWEVER, IS THE PROVISION THAT "IF THE PRISONER DEMONSTRATES BY WORK AND GOOD CONDUCT THAT HE IS REFORMED, THE CONTROL COMMISSION CAN PROPOSE GRACE FOR HIM." PRESUMABLY THIS CAN TAKE THE FORM OF A REDUCED SENTENCE OR EARLY TRANSFER FROM PRISON TO A PRISON COLONY WHERE LIFE IS MUCH EASIER.

THE BROCHURE ADDS THAT THE IMPORTANT ASPECT OF POLITICAL EDUCATION WORK CARRIED OUT IN CORRECTIVE LABOR INSTITUTIONS, IS "THE EDUCATION OF A PRISONER IN A SOCIALIST ATTITUDE FOR WORK AND SOVIET LAW AND THE HEIGHTENING OF HIS CONSCIENTIOUSNESS."

PRISON WORK IS DEVOTED PRIMARILY TO THE PRODUCTION OF CONSUMER GOODS.

END ADVANCE FOR MONDAY AMS AUG. 22; MOVED AUG. 20.

G1138PED

A5

MANILA, AUG. 21 (AP)-MAYOR ARSENIO H. LACSON SAID TODAY FRANCIS GARY POWERS, WHOSE U2 PLANE WENT DOWN OVER SOVIET RUSSIA LAST MAY, "CHICKENED OUT."

1960

LACSON SAID POWERS "KNEW WHAT THE SCORE WAS IF HE WAS CAUGHT ALIVE. HE KNEW HE WAS ON HIS OWN ON THAT MISSION."

THE OUTSPOKEN MANILA MAYOR, A LEADING CANDIDATE FOR PRESIDENT IN THE 1961 ELECTIONS, ISSUED THESE COMMENTS WHEN ASKED HIS OPINION OF THE POWERS SPY TRIAL IN MOSCOW.

PD1210PED

A78

FIRST LEAD LETTER

1960

MOSCOW, AUG.21 (AP)-THE SOVIET UNION TODAY CALLED FOR THE UNITED NATIONS TO TAKE UP "THE THREAT TO THE GENERAL PEACE CREATED BY THE AGGRESSIVE ACTION OF THE UNITED STATES AGAINST THE SOVIET UNION."

A LETTER SIGNED BY FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI GROMYKO ASKED THAT THE

TOPIC BE PUT ON THE AGENDA OF THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY OPENING SEPT.20. THE LETTER, SENT TO U.N. SECRETARY GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD, WAS DATED AUG.20.

ACCUSING THE UNITED STATES OF IGNORING THE "PRINCIPLES AND AIMS OF THE UNITED NATIONS," THE COMMUNICATION EMPHASIZED WHAT IT CALLED U.S. AGGRESSIVE ACTIONS THROUGH INTELLIGENCE FLIGHTS OVER SOVIET TERRITORY.

THE LETTER ASKED THAT "THE QUESTION OF THE MENACE TO GENERAL PEACE CREATED BY THE AGGRESSIVE ACTIONS OF THE U.S.A. AGAINST THE SOVIET UNION SHOULD BE INCLUDED ON THE AGENDA OF THE COMING SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY."

ACCOMPANYING THE LETTER WAS A NOTE OF EXPLANATION WHICH ACCUSED THE UNITED STATES OF IGNORING UNITED NATIONS PRINCIPLES AND "CONTINUING ITS POLICY REGARDING THE INTRUSION OF U.S. MILITARY AIRCRAFT INTO THE AIR SPACE OF THE SOVIET UNION."

THE NOTE SAID AIRCRAFT INTRUSIONS ACROSS SOVIET FRONTIERS WERE DIRECT ACTS OF AGGRESSION.

"IT ALSO CONTAINS DATA ON THE FLIGHT OF THE LOCKHEED U2 U.S. MILITARY AIRCRAFT ON MAY 1 AND ON THE FLIGHT JULY 1 OVER THE BARENTS SEA NEAR THE KOLA PENINSULA OF THE U.S. RB47 MILITARY BOMBER," THE BROADCAST SAID, ADDING THAT THE NEW NOTE EXPRESSED HOPE "THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY WILL CONSIDER SERIOUSLY THE PRESENT SITUATION AND TAKE APPROPRIATE MEASURES."

LATE IN MAY, THE SECURITY COUNCIL REJECTED A SOVIET RESOLUTION CONDEMNING THE UNITED STATES AS AN AGGRESSOR AND EMBARGOING ANY FUTURE SPY FLIGHTS. THIS WAS NOT LONG AFTER THE MAY DAY U2 INCIDENT, FOR WHICH PILOT FRANCIS GARY POWERS WAS SENTENCED FRIDAY IN MOSCOW. THE VOTE ON THE RESOLUTION WAS 2 FOR, 7 AGAINST AND 2 ABSTAINING AND GROMYKO SAID THEN HE WAS GOING TO BRING THE MATTER BEFORE THE ASSEMBLY.

ON JULY 26, THE COUNCIL STRUCK DOWN ANOTHER SOVIET ATTEMPT TO BRAND THE UNITED STATES AN AGGRESSOR IN CONNECTION WITH THE RB47. THE VOTE ON THAT WAS 2 FOR AND 9 AGAINST AND THE SOVIET UNION THEN VETOED A U.S. PROPOSAL FOR AN IMPARTIAL INTERNATIONAL INVESTIGATION OF THE INCIDENT.

PD157PED

A95

WITH MOSCOW LETTER (180)

UNITED NATIONS,N.Y., AUG.21 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES TODAY ASKED THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY TO REOPEN ITS INQUIRY INTO SOVIET INTERVENTION IN HUNGARY IN 1956 AND THE CONTINUED PRESENCE OF SOVIET TROOPS IN HUNGARY.

HENRY CABOT LODGE, U.S. DELEGATION CHIEF, PUT IN THE REQUEST IN A LETTER TO SECRETARY GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD, THE U.S. MISSION SAID.

IT MADE ITS ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE STEP HERE SEVERAL HOURS AFTER THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT DEMANDED THE ASSEMBLY SESSION, BEGINNING SEPT.20, DISCUSS WHAT IT CALLED "THE AGGRESSIVE ACTIONS OF THE U.S.A. AGAINST THE SOVIET UNION."

THE U.S. REQUEST NOTED THAT THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY LAST YEAR ASKED SIR LESLIE MUNRO OF NEW ZEALAND TO KEEP TRYING TO GET SOME STATEMENT FROM BOTH THE SOVIET UNION AND HUNGARY ABOUT THE EVENTS OF 1956 AND THE PROBLEM OF GETTING SOVIET TROOPS OUT OF HUNGARY. THE HUNGARIANS ROSE UP AGAINST THEIR COMMUNIST GOVERNMENT AND WERE CRUSHED BY SOVIET TANKS IN 1956 AFTER SOVIET TROOPS ENTERED THE COUNTRY. THE TROOPS REMAINED.

MUNRO LAST APRIL REPORTED AT GENEVA THE TWO COMMUNIST COUNTRIES HAD IGNORED HIS REQUEST. LODGE'S LETTER SAID HE THOUGHT THE MEMBERS OF THE U.N. WOULD LIKE TO KEEP THE INQUIRY GOING.

ML639PED

S10

(230)

BERLIN, AUG. 21 (AP)-EAST GERMANY ACCUSED WEST GERMANY TODAY OF SPEEDING UP PLANS FOR AN ALL-OUT ATOMIC WAR AGAINST THE EAST.

THE COMMUNIST PARTY'S OFFICIAL NEWSPAPER, NEUES DEUTSCHLAND, SAID: "WAR PREPARATIONS OF BONN HAVE BEEN PUSHED TO A NEW AND MOST DANGEROUS STAGE," BY THE DEMAND OF THE WEST GERMAN MILITARY LEADERS FOR ATOMIC WEAPONS.

THE WEST GERMAN MILITARY CHIEFS ISSUED A STATEMENT FRIDAY THAT THE NATION'S DEFENSES RESPONSIBILITIES AND COMMITMENTS TO THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION COULD NOT BE FULFILLED WITHOUT NUCLEAR ARMS AND CONSCRIPTION.

IN MAKING PUBLIC THEIR VIEWS, THE BONN GENERAL STAFF HAVE DISPLAYED OFFICIALLY FOR THE FIRST TIME THEIR ROLE AS WIREPULLERS OF THE MILITARY-CLERICAL DICTATORSHIP," NEUES DEUTSCHLAND COMMENTED.

"COMPLETELY OPENLY, THE GENERAL STAFF HAS UNMASKED AS PURE SWINDLES ALL THE SO-CALLED DECLARATIONS OF RENUNCIATION BY BONN OF ATOMIC, BIOLOGICAL AND CHEMICAL WEAPONS," THE PAPER ADDED.

THE "GENERALS' ULTIMATUM" SHOWED THERE WAS NO LONGER ANY RESTRAINT ON THE MILITARY AMBITIONS OF WEST GERMANY, WHICH NOW WANTED UNLIMITED SUPPLIES OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS, FOR AN ATTACK ON EAST GERMANY AND OTHER COMMUNIST COUNTRIES, THE EDITORIAL SAID.

IT WAS NO LONGER DEFENSE AGAINST POSSIBLE ATTACK THAT LAY BEHIND THE SPEEDUP OF REARMAMENT OF THE BUNDESWEHR BUT "THE HOPE THAT GERMAN MILITARISM COULD CHANGE THE INTERNATIONAL BALANCE OF POWER AND LEAD ITS PLANNED WAR TO VICTORY, SO LONG AS IT POSSESSED ATOMIC WEAPONS," NEUES DEUTSCHLAND SAID.

RQ423PED

30.24- 12669

End August 21, 1960

A66WA

ADVANCE FOR 5:30 P.M. EST TODAY

(350) NUCLEAR TESTS

BY JERRY T. BAULCH

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, AUG. 21 (AP)-DR. EDWARD TELLER, NOTED ATOMIC SCIENTIST WHO HAS BEEN URGING RESUMPTION OF NUCLEAR TESTS, SAID TODAY CONTINUED WEAPONS DEVELOPMENT WOULD SAVE THE UNITED STATES BILLIONS OF DOLLARS IN THE LONG RUN.

TELLER, IN A TAPED RADIO-TV INTERVIEW (NBC-MEET THE PRESS), PUT HIS ARGUMENT IN THESE WORDS:

"WE CAN MAKE THE NUCLEAR EXPLOSIVES LIGHTER, THE VEHICLE THAT HAS TO CARRY THEM WILL BE LIGHTER. TO HANDLE THESE VEHICLES WILL BECOME CHEAPER."

SAYING HE FAVORED NEGOTIATION "WITH ANYBODY IN THE WORLD TO CREATE A BETTER COMMUNITY," TELLER COMMENTED THAT "THE SITUATION, HOWEVER, AT PRESENT IS THAT WE ARE NOT AT ALL ASSURED THAT THE RUSSIANS WILL STAY WHERE THEY ARE."

"THEY MAY WITHOUT OUR KNOWING IT, GO INTO A LONG, EFFECTIVE SERIES OF TESTS WHICH CAN GIVE RISE TO GREAT IMPROVEMENTS ON THEIR SIDE AND IF THEY DECIDED SO, WE WOULD NOT KNOW," THE SCIENTIST SAID.

TELLER, WHO PLAYED A LEADING ROLE IN DEVELOPING THE H-BOMB, STRESSED THE NEED FOR WHAT HE CALLED A "SECOND STRIKE FORCE--A FORCE WHICH IS MOBILE ENOUGH, SAFE ENOUGH SO THAT IF THE RUSSIANS ATTACK US, WE STILL HAVE ENOUGH POWER LEFT TO STRIKE BACK."

"THIS," HE SAID, "IS A MUCH MORE DIFFICULT THING TO ESTABLISH, TO HAVE, AND IT IS GETTING MOTE DIFFICULT AS RUSSIAN TECHNOLOGY IN ROCKETS AND OTHER THINGS DEVELOP. IF WE DO NOT DEVELOP OUR NUCLEAR WEAPON, THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE SECOND STRIKE FORCE BECOMES VERY MUCH MORE CONSTLY IN THE TERMS OF MANY BILLIONS OF DOLLARS.

"IT BECOMES SLOWER. WE DON'T EVEN KNOW FOR SURE WHETHER IN THE LONG RUN WE CAN HAVE SUCH A SECOND STRIKE FORCE, AND THEN WE WILL BE OPEN TO RUSSIAN BLACKMAIL."

ANOTHEER FIELD IN WHICH PROGRESS IS NEEDED, TELLER SAID, IS DEVELOPMENT OF "BATTLEFIELD WEAPONS, WEAPONS WHICH ONE CAN USE IN A DISCRIMINATING WAY TO STOP RUSSIAN AGGRESSION WHEREVER IT OCCURS."

"THERE WE HAVE MADE A START, A GOOD START, BUT NOT VERY MUCH MORE THAN A START," HE ADDED. "WE NEED MORE NUCLEAR EXPERIMENTATION TO DO THAT."

ALSO, TELLER SAID, "WE HAVE MADE SOME PROGRESS TOWARDS PLANNING THE USE OF NUCLEAR EXPLOSIVES FOR PEACEFUL USES...THAT TOO COULD BE DONE MORE EASILY WITH FURTHER DEVELOPMENT OF NUCLEAR EXPLOSIVES."

IN THE NEARLY TWO YEARS NUCLEAR TESTS HAVE BEEN SUSPENDED, TELLER SAID, "WE HAVE LOST TIME AND WE ARE LOSING TIME EACH WEEK, EACH MONTH."

TELLER SAID HE HOPES THE QUESTION OF RESUMING TESTS IS DEPT OUT OF THE POLITICAL CAMPAIGN BUT HE DELCARED "I AM MORE ANXIOUS THAT WE SHOULD MAKE THE RIGHT DECISION THAN WE SHOULD MAKE THE DECISION VERY SOON."

EG&SR433PED

A7

TOKYO, AUG. 21 (AP)-COMMUNIST CHINA CHARGED TWO U.S. WARSHIPS INTRUDED INTO CHINESE TERRITORIAL WATERS TODAY. PEIPING RADIO REPORTED THE 119TH "SERIOUS" WARNING AGAINST SUCH INTRUSIONS. THESE WARNINGS STARTED IN 1958.

PD1212PED

1960